## 9.5 – Composition of Transformations

Find the image of Z(1, 1) after two reflections, first across line  $\ell_1$ , and then across line  $\ell_2$ .

1)  $\ell_1 : x = 2, \, \ell_2 : y$ -axis



3)  $\ell_1 : y = 2, \ell_2 : x$ -axis



5)  $\ell_1 : x = 3, \ell_2 : y = 2$ 



2)  $\ell_1 : x = -2, \, \ell_2 : x$ -axis



4)  $\ell_1: y = -3, \ell_2: y$ -axis



6)  $\ell_1: x = -1, \, \ell_2: \, y = -3$ 



In the following, graph  $\Delta RST$  with vertices R(2,3), S(-2,1) and T(-1,5) and its image after the composition. (Do each one of these on a separate coordinated plane.)

7) Translation:  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-2, y-1)$ Rotation: 90° counter-clockwise about the origin



- 11) In your own words, what is a composition of transformations?
- 12) What is a glide reflection?

8) Reflection: Across the line y = xRotation:  $180^{\circ}$  about the origin



10) Translation:  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+4, y+2)$ Rotation: 270° clockwise about the origin **y** 



13) State the "Reflections over Parallel Lines Theorem":

- 14) State the "Reflection over the Axes Theorem":
- 15) Is it possible to have an object that does not have of rotational symmetry? Explain your reasoning.
- 16) What kind of polygon has an angle of rotation of  $72^{\circ}$ ?
- 17) A triangle is reflected across line  $\ell$  and then across line *m*. If this composition of reflections is a translation, what is true about *m* and  $\ell$ ?